

BALLB ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

Full marks: 30; Time: 30 minutes

1. "Jurisprudence is the knowledge of things, human and divine, the science of just and unjust."
a. Plato b. Cicero c. Aristotle d. Ulpian
2. From which language the word 'Jurisprudence' is derived?
a. Latin b. French c. Roman d. Greek
3. What is Analytical Jurisprudence?
a. Critical analysis of legal decision
b. Study of what the law is...
c. Study of what the law ought to be...
d. A sociological method
4. What is the term denoting jurisprudence in Hindu jurisprudence?
a. Ram Sahtra b. Rajyabhisekh c. Muni kathan d. Vidhishastra
5. 'Social Contract Theory' belongs to :
a. Analytical School c. Socialist School
b. Sociological School d. Natural School
6. "Pure Theory of law" is propounded by :
a. Rousseau b. Kelson c. Bentham d. Austin
7. Analytical School separates law from:
a. Command b. Sanction c. Moral d. Duty
8. Fair Trail is the outcome of :
a. Natural School c. Socialist School
b. Analytical School d. Sociological School
9. The physical force of the state behind law is called:
a. Compulsion b. Pain c. Sanction d. None of the above
10. The concept of Static Society and Progressive Society is developed by :
a. Sir Henry Maine c. Jeremy Bentham
b. John Salmond d. Hens Kelson
11. 'Grund Norm' is the ultimate source of law is the opinion of :
a. Roscoe Pound b. Salmond c. Kelson d. Savigny
12. "Law is the server of economic class"
a. Socialist School c. Natural School
b. Realist School d. Historical School
13. Historical School is based primarily on:
a. Written law c. Custom and tradition
b. Ordinance d. Codified Law
14. The term used to represent law in Hindu Jurisprudence :
a. Dharma b. Ved c. Kanoon d. Puran
15. "The task of law is to balance the conflicting interest of individual and society."
a. Realist School c. Sociological School
b. Natural School d. Socialist School
16. "Law is what the court has decided" is according to :
a. Realist School c. Socialist School
b. Natural School d. Historical School
17. 'Lex Divina' means :
a. Gods Law c. Man made law
b. Law made by king d. Law made by parliament
18. "Law as what is equitable and good."
a. Cicero c. Plato
b. Hobbes d. Ulpian
19. The term 'kanoon' used in nepali language to denote law is received from :
a. Urdu b. Bengali c. Hindi d. Arabi
20. In German system law means:
a. Droit b. Res c. Kanoon d. Ley
21. Command, duty and sanction are the three elements of law.
a. Salmond b. Austin c. Bentham d. None
22. Which law is blended with civil and criminal law?
a. Procedural law c. Administrative law
b. Substantive law d. Tort law
23. It is the legal system of a particular country.
a. Civil law c. Foreign law
b. International law d. All of the above
24. The law which signifies the uniform and regular rules of nature :
a. Physical law c. Scientific law
b. Both a and c d. None
25. The set of rules observed for attaining the particular purpose like law of health etc is known as :
a. Practical law c. Technical law
b. Customary law d. Both a and c
26.is also called vanishing point of jurisprudence.
a. Natural law c. Native law
b. Municipal law d. International law
27. International treaties, customs are the source of :
a. International law c. Municipal law
b. Native law d. Foreign law
28. Family law is an example of :
a. Private law c. Public law
b. Both a and c d. None
29. Law of property is an example of:
a. Private law c. Public law
b. Both a and c d. None
30. Law of contract is an example of :
a. Public law b. None c. Private law d. Not a law